THE WORKS

OF

FLAVIUS JOSEPHUS,

THE LEARNED AND AUTHENTIC JEWISH HISTORIAN.

TRANSLATED

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WITH FIFTY-TWO PICTORIAL ILLUSTRATIONS.

IN TWO VOLUMES, VOL. II.

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TABLE OF THE JEWISH WEIGHTS, MEASURES, &c. AND PARTICULARLY THOSE MENTIONED IN JOSEPHUS' WORK.

### Of Jewish Measures of Length.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Inches</th>
<th>Feet</th>
<th>Inn.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cubit, the standard</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zorath or large span</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Small spond</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0.58</td>
<td>0.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palm or hand's breadth</td>
<td>3 1/8</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>0.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inch or thumb's breadth</td>
<td>1 1/8</td>
<td>0.08</td>
<td>0.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digit or finger's breadth</td>
<td>.575</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orgyia or fathom</td>
<td>8 1/2</td>
<td>0.68</td>
<td>0.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zeeckel's Canne or reed</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arabian Canne or pole</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>12.75</td>
<td>1.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squam scule or chain</td>
<td>1680</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>1.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sabbath-day's journey</td>
<td>42000</td>
<td>3500</td>
<td>28.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jewish mile</td>
<td>84000</td>
<td>7000</td>
<td>58.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stadium or furlong</td>
<td>84000</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>5.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parasang</td>
<td>222000</td>
<td>1850</td>
<td>15.42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Of the Jewish Measures of Capacity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Cub. Inches</th>
<th>Plinta or Penta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bath or Epha</td>
<td>507.375</td>
<td>24.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corus or Chomer</td>
<td>507.75</td>
<td>24.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sesh or Saton</td>
<td>269.091</td>
<td>12.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto according to Josephus</td>
<td>828.28</td>
<td>40.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hit,</td>
<td>186.59</td>
<td>8.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ditto according to Josephus</td>
<td>416.12</td>
<td>19.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Omer or Asserom</td>
<td>80.727</td>
<td>3.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cab</td>
<td>44.859</td>
<td>2.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log</td>
<td>11.21</td>
<td>0.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metretes or Syriam firkin</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>9.54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Of the Jewish Weights and Coins.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Punds or Penta</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stater, Silus, or shekel of the sanctuary, the standard</td>
<td>2 2/6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tyrian Coin, equal to the shekel</td>
<td>0 2/6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bekah, half of the shekel</td>
<td>0 1/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drachma Attica, one fourth</td>
<td>0 0 7/12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drachma Alexandrina, or Darchmon, or Adarchmon, one half</td>
<td>0 1 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gerah, or Obolus, one-tenth</td>
<td>0 0 1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maneh, Mina, or Mina, as a coin,—60 shekels</td>
<td>7 10 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talent of Silver,—300 shekels</td>
<td>375 0 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drachma of gold, not more than</td>
<td>0 1 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shekel of gold, not more than</td>
<td>0 4 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daric of gold</td>
<td>1 0 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talent of gold, not more than</td>
<td>648 0 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table of the Jewish Months in Josephus and others, with the Syro-Macedonian Names Josephus gives them, and the Names of the Julian or Roman Months corresponding to them.

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<th>Syro-Macedonian Names</th>
<th>Roman Names</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>1. Nisan</td>
<td>Xanthicus</td>
<td>March and April</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Yyar</td>
<td>Artemisius</td>
<td>April and May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Sivan</td>
<td>Damius</td>
<td>May and June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Tamuz</td>
<td>Panemus</td>
<td>June and July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Ab</td>
<td>Longus</td>
<td>July and August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Eitl</td>
<td>Gepheus</td>
<td>August and September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Tlari</td>
<td>Hyperberesi</td>
<td>September and October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Marhevan</td>
<td>Dina</td>
<td>October and November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Casleu</td>
<td>Appelium</td>
<td>November and December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Tebeth</td>
<td>Audinus</td>
<td>December and January</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Shebat</td>
<td>Pertius</td>
<td>January and February</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Adar</td>
<td>Dystrus</td>
<td>February and March</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Ve Adar, or The second Adar intercalated.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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THE END.

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